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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/553,936	09/25/2006	Kirvin L. Hodge	18032-PCTUS	6134
	7590 08/23/2007		EXAMINER	
LEWIS J. KREISLER LEGAL DEPARTMENT			VALENROD, YEVGENY	
930 CLOPPER GAITHERSBI	ROAD JRG, MD 20878		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE	
GINTIBADDONO, IID 20070			1621	
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			08/23/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/553,936	HODGE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Yevgeny Valenrod	1621	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tivilian apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status	•		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr		
Disposition of Claims		•	
 4) Claim(s) 6-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 6-13 is/are withdrawn 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 14,15 and 18-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 16 and 17 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 6-13 are subject to restriction and/or expressions. 			
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original original contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are considered to by the Examiner of the contents are contents.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is of	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicatity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date See Continuation Sheet.	4) Interview Summan Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate	

Continuation of Attachment(s) 3). Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08), Paper No(s)/Mail Date :1/23/06; 11/08/06; 12/13/06; 7/03/07.

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 6-13, drawn to a method for treating a mammalian subject.

Group II, claim(s) 14-22, drawn to a pharmaceutical composition and a biologically active agent comprising compound of formula (I).

The inventions listed as Groups I and II do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the technical feature linking the inventions together is the compound of formula (I). Said compound is has been disclosed in prior art (Nogradi et al. *Models In Chemistry*, **1998**, *135*(1-2), 57-78; page 62, compound 21). A special technical feature not disclosed in prior art is therefore lacking and the instant invention lacks unity.

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Notice of Potential Rejoinder

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

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Telephone election

During a telephone conversation with Lewis J. Kreisler on 8/13/05 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group II, claims 14-22. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 6-13 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 14, 15, 18, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nogradi et al. (*Models In Chemistry*, **1998**, *135*(1-2), 57-78). On page 62 Nogradi et al. disclose compound 21:

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Compound 21

Compound 21 meets the structural limitation in the before mentioned claims when: n = 1, m = 2, q = 0, t = 0, $R^1 = H$, A = Ph.

On page 70, last paragraph, lines 5-7, Nogradi et al disclose crystals of compound 21. Crystal form of a compound is an acceptable pharmaceutical form in which air is a carrier, suitable for oral administration. Nogradi et al therefore meet the limitation of claims 14-18 directed to a pharmaceutical composition. Limitation "...for use in treatment of a condition...", is an intended use and is not considered to be a patentable limitation.

Compound of structure 21 is a biologically active agent. Although in their publication Nogradi et al. do not investigate biological activity of compound 21, such activity is inherently present because a compound and its properties are inseparable In re Papesch 315 F.2d 381, 137 USPQ 43 (CCPA 1963).

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims

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are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 19-22 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 13 and 14 of U.S. Patent No. 6946491 (from now on '491). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other.

Scope of claims 13 and 14 in '491

Claims 13 of '491 is directed to a compound of generic formula (XCI), which differs from the instant compound (I) in the value of "m". In the instant claims m is 2 or 3, while in claim 13 of '491 m is 1. Compounds that differ by 1 methylene group are considered to be homologous structures. "Members of homologous series must possess unexpected properties not possessed by the homologous compounds disclosed in the prior art". In re Hass 141 F.2d 127, 60 USPQ 548 (CCPA 1944).

Instant claims and claim 13 of '491 also differ in that the instant claim is directed to a biologically active agent, while claim 13 of '491 is directed to a compound.

"Biologically active" is a property of a compound and is therefore inherently present in

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the compounds of claim 13 of '491.

Claim Objections

Claims 16 and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Prior art has failed to uncover reference that would render obvious or anticipate the composition or compound of the instant invention.

Conclusion

Claims 6-22 are pending.

Claims 14, 15, and 18-22 are rejected.

Claims 16 and 17 are objected to.

Claims 6-13 are withdrawn.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yevgeny Valenrod whose telephone number is 571-272-9049. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:00pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonné Eyler can be reached on 571-272-0871. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Yevgeny Valenrod

Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1600

Yvonne Eyler

Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 1600